



## Ensuring Stability In Society - A Guarantee Of Development

Termiz State Pedagogical Institute Faculty of history,  
national idea, spirituality basics and direction of legal education  
2nd year student **Norqulova Dilnoza Murod qizi**

**Abstract:** This article highlights the importance of peace and stability in the path to development, as well as the forms of stability, their occurrence, the consequences of instability, and how important the UN's "Sustainable Development Goals" are, as well as our tasks in ensuring stability.

**Key words:** stability, political stability, social stability, economic stability, tolerance, instability.

**Introduction.** In the current era of globalization, it is important to ensure stability, peace, harmony, and tolerance in the country. We know that humanity has faced many conflicts between ideologies throughout its life. As a result of this, disputes, disagreements and wars have arisen. Even if we look at the past, the state's development, progress, and its place in the political arena depended on the stability of the society, peace and tranquility of the people.

Where there is stability and peace, tranquility prevails, and as a result, society grows and develops in all aspects. People's trust, affection, loyalty, kindness towards each other increases. Peace and tranquility are as necessary as water and air in the conflicting times that humanity is going through today. We also need to explain to the younger generation how important it is to preserve these blessings for our future development.

A state with highly moral and noble-minded citizens can ensure stability in its territory. Stability is essential to the political will and social will needed to overcome the challenges the country is experiencing and facing.[2] Indeed, problems can be quickly overcome in a place of stability and peace.

**Literature analysis.** We can see that sustainability and its forms, factors affecting stability and the work being carried out in the world to ensure it are cited and studied in many literatures. In particular, Miltem Dikman's article "The Role of Electoral Systems in Ensuring Political Stability", Rudy A.S.'s "Sources and Signs of Social Stability". Baljinimayeva Elena Panfilovna's article "Socio-cultural environment as a factor of stability of Russian society", as well as Olimjon Isomiddinovich Abdug'aniev, Shahlokhan Khakimjon's daughter Turdibayeva and Hamidakhan Rustamjon's daughter Abdullayeva's article "Sustainable development and ethnoecology" and the UN's "Sustainable Development Goals" we can pass.

**Analysis and results.** Stability and peace are interrelated concepts. If the citizens are peaceful, stability in all areas can be achieved in that area. Avoiding wars in the country, resolving conflicts between countries through political means, peacefully resolving disputes within the country, ensuring the primacy of human rights and laws are stability and peace. The word stability is from the Latin word "permanence", "order", "unchangeable" [4]. Stability is the simultaneous development of all areas in the country, including economy, politics, education and other areas. "Stability is peaceful harmony in society and the existence of conditions for its strengthening" [3; 46-b]. Therefore, the development of social or political spheres without obstacles and foreign ideologies is stability.



We can consider the following forms of sustainability: economic, political, climate, environmental sustainability, etc. “Measures for social and environmental aspects of sustainable development and peace and security issues are not separate, but closely related to each other” [2]. Indeed, if the stability of one economy is disturbed, peace will be disturbed, and various conflicts and shortcomings will arise. By economic stability, we can understand economic growth in the country, an increase in the volume of production, a decrease in unemployment, and an increase in the volume of exports. As we all know, practical work is being done to ensure economic stability in our country. In particular, a number of agreements are being signed in the fields of development of multifaceted political dialogue with neighboring countries, trade-investments, transport, energy, agriculture, ecology. In our opinion, economic stability cannot be imagined without political and social stability. Political stability may be necessary to ensure economic stability, but sound political governance is necessary to preserve it.

“Political stability is somewhat similar to legitimacy, because it is easier to notice its absence than its presence” [5]. By political stability, we can understand political governance, value and Constitutional structure of politics. For a political system to be stable, people involved in politics must be responsible and positions must change frequently. The interaction of political institutions, parties, and public organizations in the country is also the basis for ensuring stability. Leaders must prevent political conflicts, violence, government coups, and intergroup disagreements. It is not wrong to say that a government that maintains political stability, stable management of the country, and is supported by the people. Disruption of economic and social stability may not lead to restoration of political stability.

Social stability refers to the stability of certain areas of social life [6]. Therefore, social stability is the presence of peaceful conditions based on peace and stability in the society, the relationship of cooperation established between the state, public organizations and citizens. Destabilization is often caused by social inequality. Addiction, immorality and other unbecoming activities can also disrupt stability. We can consider the laws, infrastructures, state services and social changes to be the main factors that ensure social stability. Free education and health care services of the state prevent the population from poverty and help them live a stable life. The adopted laws should also be fair, because these laws serve the welfare of the people. Family, school, universities and various religious organizations organize social life and help maintain stability. Because these infrastructures ensure good relations between people. Peace is also necessary for the establishment of these relations. We know that during the reign of Sahibgiron Amir Temur and his grandson Mirzo Ulugbek, the country was established for 40 years and special attention was paid to education in the country, and good conditions were created for students of science. On the contrary, development in these areas lags behind during wars.

Cooperation, friendship, and tolerance between nations are also important in ensuring stability and peace. We know that Uzbekistan is a multi-ethnic country, where representatives of more than 130 nationalities and peoples live. As long as they live harmoniously and harmoniously with each other, peace and tranquility prevail in the country. Peace and stability will be ensured in that society if the members of the whole society live while recognizing and respecting the various customs and traditions, values and culture of the peoples around them.

Stability and instability are mutually compatible concepts. Stability is the eve of instability or a state after certain instability [3; 46-b]. That is, stability is not a phenomenon that continues in the

same way. Constant changes in agriculture, industry, social spheres are instability. As for political instability, it is the emergence of various oppositions between the state, political parties, and public organizations. Political stability was caused by conflicts between the ruling classes as a result of the development of bureaucracy in a number of European countries in the 19th century.

“Sustainable Development Goals” were developed by the UN in order to improve the economic, social, and ecological situation in the whole world, as well as to build a fair and stable society. It envisages the elimination of problems related to agriculture, education, drinking water, population welfare, rational use of natural resources, forest protection, and climate change in each country. Uzbekistan also adopted the conditions for the implementation of the Sustainable Development Goals announced at the UN Summit in September 2015 at the national level and defined national goals and objectives in the field of sustainable development until 2030[1]. The goal of these works is to achieve development and progress.

Summary. Every country and society, while working towards development, must first of all ensure stability in all areas. Where there is no stability, there will be disturbances and disagreements. How can progress be achieved if the people are restless? No country or society thrives on instability.

Peace, stability, mutual harmony protect us from many troubles and create ample opportunities to realize our dreams. In order to ensure stability, each person should act, he should be able to create harmony and happiness in his family. Rational use of natural resources, protection of the environment, and diligent performance of assigned work also ensure stability.

Imagine that one misplaced bowl on your desk causes it to become unbalanced and break, making it impossible for you to use it again. People cannot implement their plans and the development of countries even in unstable places. In short, sustainability is important to us. Stability, peace, harmony - these are the foundations on which the new building of our statehood will be built. This is the way to our bright tomorrow. Peace and stability are the means of connecting with the international community.

### List of used literature:

1. O‘zbekiston Respublikasi Vazirlar Mahkamasining 21.02.2022-yildagi “2030 yilgacha bo‘lgan davrda Barqaror rivojlanish sohasidagi milliy maqsad va vazifalarni amalga oshirishni jadallashtirish bo‘yicha qo‘shimcha chora –tadbirlar to‘g‘risida”gi 83-sonli qarori.
2. Olimjon Isomiddinovich Abdug‘aniyev, Shahloxon Hakimjon qizi Turdiboyeva, Hamidaxon Rustamjon qizi Abdullayeva “Barqaror taraqqiyot va etnoekologiya” //Multidisciplinary Scientific journal, 1(8), 94-96, -2022
3. Фалсафа комусий луғат -Т. -2004
4. А.Ш.Руди “Источники признаки социальной стабильности” Мир науки , культуры, образования. № 1 (38) 2013
5. Meltem Dikmen Caniklog‘lu “Saylov tizimlarining siyosiy barqarorlikni ta‘minlashdagi ro‘li” -2019
6. Бальжинимайева Елена Панфиловна «Социокультурная среда как фактор стабильности российского общества»// Мир науки, культуры, образования. № 1 (38) 2013



7. Ikromovich, P. X. (2023). Jadid ma'rifatparvarchiligi shakllanishidagi tarixiy shart-sharoit va obektiv zaruriyat. Finland International Scientific Journal of Education. *Social Science & Humanities*, 11(3), 167-179.
8. Патиёв, Х. (2023). ЖАДИДЧИЛИК ҚАРАШЛАРИ НЕГИЗИДА ИЛМИЙ-АМАЛИЙ ЙЎНАЛИШЛАРНИНГ ВУЖУДГА КЕЛИШИ ВА ЖАМИЯТДА РИВОЖЛАНИШИ. *Ижтимоий-гуманитар фанларнинг долзарб муаммолари/Актуальные проблемы социально-гуманитарных наук/Actual Problems of Humanities and Social Sciences.*, 3(11).
9. Kahramonovich, B. A. (2023). FACTORS OF CREATING A NATIONAL MODEL OF HOUSING POLICY IN UZBEKISTAN. *American Journal of Pedagogical and Educational Research*, 17, 43-47.
10. Баўматов, А. К. (2022). МИЛЛАТЛАРАРО ТОТУВЛИК ВА ДИНИЙ БАГ'РИКЕНГЛИКНИ ТА'МИНЛАШДА МИЛЛИЙ О'ЗЛИКНИ АНГЛАШНИНГ О'РНИ. *Евразийский журнал академических исследований*, 2(4), 23-27.
11. Рахманкулов, Ф. Р. (2022). МАВЗУ: МИЛЛИЙ ЎЗЛИКНИ АНГЛАШ МАЪНАВИЙ ТАРРАҚИЁТНИНГ ОМИЛИ. *BARQARORLIK VA YETAKCHI TADQIQOTLAR ONLAYN ILMIY JURNALI*, 2(12), 752-755.
12. Хамраев Сардорбек Шарафутдинович (2022). О'ЗБЕКИСТОНДА ЕКОТУРИЗМ БАРАҚАРОРЛИГИНИ ТА'МИНЛАШДА ЕКОЛОГИК ТА'ЛИМ ВА ТАРБИЯ ЖАРАЙОНЛАРИНИ ИНТЕГРАЦИЯЛАШТИРИШ ЗАРУРАТИ. *Восточный ренессанс: Инновационные, образовательные, естественные и социальные науки*, 2 (12), 524-528