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Organization of women and girls

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Abstract: This article provides information on international attention to women, the attention paid to women in our country, and the duties of the women's committee.

Key words: women, organization, foundation, conference, family, support, gender, work

International Women's Year (IWY) was the name given to 1975 by the United Nations. From June 19 to July 2, 1975, the first UN Women's Conference was held in Mexico City. The 1975 conference led to the adoption of the World Plan of Action, as well as the Mexican Declaration on the Equality of Women and Their Contribution to Development and Peace. It led to the creation of monitoring mechanisms such as the International Institute for Research and Training on the Advancement of Women (INSTRAW) and the United Nations Development Fund for Women (UNIFEM), and set action plans for subsequent conferences, which were to be held in Copenhagen in 1980. It designated the period 1975 to 1985 as the UN Decade for Women to allow an assessment of progress and failures, and consequently called for the rapid ratification of the Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Discrimination against Women (CEDAW). The third conference held in Nairobi, Kenya in 1985 not only concluded the Decade of Women, but also set a timetable for a number of member states to eliminate the legalization of gender discrimination in national laws by the year 2000.

On December 27, 1991, the Women's Committee of Uzbekistan was established at the Termiz conference of women of the Republic of Uzbekistan. On the basis of the Decree of the President of the Republic of Uzbekistan dated March 2, 1995 "On measures to increase the role of women in the state and social construction of the Republic of Uzbekistan" No. PF-1084 to the Chairman of the Women's Committee of Uzbekistan the deputy minister, the chairmen of regional, district, city women's committees were given the status of deputy governors. On May 25, 2004, the announcement of the decree of the President of the Republic No. PF-3434 "On additional measures to support the activities of the Women's Committee of Uzbekistan" The main link of the Women's Committee is the Primary Women's Organization.

The legal basis for the activity of the primary organization is the Regulation on the "Activity of the Primary Organization of the Women's Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan", approved by the Decision of the XXXIX Presidium of the Women's Committee of the Republic of Uzbekistan.

The main tasks of the primary women's committee:

- To increase the activity of women and girls in solving tasks in political, economic and social spheres in the society.
- Support women in every way, improve their socio-economic conditions, protect their rights and interests.



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• Strengthening family relations based on our national and spiritual values.

• Educating young people to become mature people who are morally mature, ideological fighters, who spare no effort for the development of the nation and the country, to form a healthy lifestyle. Priority is given to ensuring human rights, freedoms and legal interests in our country. As a result, our attitude towards the family and the female race has increased, and showing respect to them has become the meaning and main goal of our life.

Today, the women of Uzbekistan are gaining their place and a worthy position in all aspects. In the following elections, for the first time in the history of our country, the number of women in the national parliament rose to a world-class figure. 48 or 32% of the 150 deputies elected to the Legislative Chamber of the Supreme Majlis were women. In the Senate, this figure reached almost 25%. 31% of deputies of local councils are enthusiastic and active women. Thanks to such results, for the first time in the history of Uzbekistan, the number of women in the parliament reached the level set by the UN, and our national parliament rose to the 37th place among 190 national parliaments in the world in terms of the number of female deputies and senators. Also, the share of women in management positions has reached 27%, in political parties - 44%, in the higher education system - 40%, and in the field of entrepreneurship - 35%. are the results of systematic work on increasing their role in life. Jobs in the same field, in particular:

improvement of legislation on women's rights;

improvement of the institutional framework for the protection of women;

raising awareness of the population about gender equality and women's rights;

with the official responsible for ensuring compliance with the legislation on women's rights in the practice of law enforcement It is conducted in important areas such as education based on relevant legal norms.

In recent years, as a result of the extensive work carried out on the fulfillment of obligations undertaken in this direction through our national legislation and international conventions, more than twenty regulatory legal documents have been signed. In particular, the laws "On guarantees of equal rights and opportunities for women and men", "On the protection of women from harassment and violence", the President's declaration of women's rights and gender equality decrees and decisions on providing, protecting women from violence and oppression, and strengthening their entrepreneurial status are among them.

The President of the Republic of Uzbekistan adopted the decision "On measures to further strengthen the guarantees of women's labor rights and support entrepreneurship." As part of the implementation of the decision, among other things, the Commission of the Republic of Uzbekistan on issues of ensuring gender equality, the Committee on Women and Girls and Gender Equality issues was established in the Senate of the Oliy Majlis of the Republic of Uzbekistan. - support is in the center of special attention. For this purpose, the "Women's register" system was introduced, and 300 billion soums were allocated from the state budget every year. a system of compensating winter payments was introduced. The number of grants for girls from needy families for admission to higher educational institutions has doubled. In order to develop women's entrepreneurship, more than 224,000 women have been allocated preferential loans in the amount of 6.9 trillion soums. It is important that such results of consistent reforms in the field have a positive effect on the place of our country in international rankings. In particular, in the "Women, business and law" index of the World Bank, Uzbekistan was included among the 27



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countries that implemented important reforms in terms of women's rights and gender equality in 2020, and rose by 5 places to become the 134th among 190 countries. took the place.

In conclusion, it should be said that today in Uzbekistan, the state policy of protecting the rights and interests of women, achieving full participation of women in the socio-political life of the country, and ensuring gender equality and reproductive health recognized by the world community. The achievements in this regard in New Uzbekistan are highly appreciated by prestigious international organizations such as the UN, the International Labor Organization, UNICEF, and the World Health Organization.

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